

- 3 -

the ties with Paris and London and insisted on the fact that Austria's independence was based on the accord between Rome and Berlin and not on Friendship with the Western powers. In the spring of 1937 he visited London and Paris but only for the purpose of telling Downing Street and the Quai d'Orsay that no help for Austria was needed or wanted. In Paris he told the correspondents of the Austrian newspapers that they must refrain from attacks on Nazi Germany and consider Austrian foreign policy firmly established on the Rome-Berlin Axis, Austria serving as a kind of link between the two powers. He later went to Berlin where he established close personal contacts with Hermann Goering and even with Goebbels. Informant has seen a photo of Guido Schmidt signed by him with the following dedication: "To Mr. Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda of the German Reich, with sincere admiration."

Schmidt signed by him with the following dedication: "To Mr. Goebbels, Minister of Propaganda of the German Reich, with sincere admiration."

After his visit to Berlin, Guido Schmidt became an open traitor and informed Goering personally about the intentions and steps taken by the Austrian government. In all that time he was intimate with Franz von Papen. One of Papen's secretaries, Mr. von Ketteler, who was an anti-Nazi and worked for the Austrian Secret Service, furnished the proof of Guido Schmidt's treacherous acts, but Schuschnigg had unlimited confidence in his collaborator and believed that he was about to outsmart Goering and Papen in order to prevent German aggression against Austria. The official version of Vienna, as pointed out to informant by the head of the Austrian official news-agency, Hofrat Weber (who is still in the Dachau concentration camp) was: "Schuschnigg needs somebody who is

FU-1416.3

- 4 -

ready to sacrifice his career, if the policy of German-Austrian rapprochement fails. Schuschnigg himself cannot risk his own fate entirely on this policy. Guido Schmidt, therefore, who is completely devoted to his chancellor, goes all-out for the policy of the 1936 treaty. If the appeasement of Hitler fails, Guido Schmidt will be thrown to the wolves." In reality, Guido Schmidt was already in the game of Papen and Goerring. He persuaded Schuschnigg of the possibility of going to Berchtesgaden where the Austrian chancellor was to meet with his greatest humiliation. Under the policy forced upon Schuschnigg by Hitler, Guido Schmidt became Foreign Minister of Austria. It seems that his idea was to preserve Austria as a so-called independent, but in reality, Nazi state, but he had no difficulty in accepting, also, the open Anschluss. He then received his reward, the

in reality, Nazi state, but he had no difficulty in accepting, also, the open Anschluss. He then received his reward, the leading position in the Hermann Goering Werke. During the war Guido Schmidt represented the Hermann Goering-Werke in Bukarest, i.e. he prepared the policy which made Rumania a satellite of the Third Reich.

Guido Schmidt is still a personal friend of Goering. When he now arrives in Ankara, where his other old friend, von Papen, resides, that means perhaps more than his personal attempt to climb on the bandwagon headed for Austria's independence. Guido Schmidt's arrival is perhaps the first reaction of the Goering clique to the fact that the Moscow declarations have destroyed the last hope of the Germans for a separate peace with one or another of the Allies.

FO - 14,514

U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1482

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) ROSENWIRTH, Alois<br>Address available in the House<br>of Diet in Graz, Styria | 2) Former member of the Diet of<br>Styria. Captain in the Austrian<br>Army which is now a part of the<br>German Reichswehr. (Probably promoted) |
| 3) Born about 1895  | 4) Somewhere in Styria  |
| 5) Austrian   |   |
| 7 and 8) Comes from a lower class family.   |   |
| 9) Married  |   |
| 10) c) Several children   |   |
| 12) He spent his childhood in Styria.   |   |

- 10) c) Several children
- 12) He spent his childhood in Styria.
- 13) Elementary school and lower grades of high school.
- 14) Was in Italy, Yugoslavia and Hungary.
- 15) First an employee. He was drafted in World War I; became a sergeant; after the armistice remained in the Austrian Army; got his commission in 1920 then promoted to captain.
- 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and of the Workers Culture Center. Elected member of the Diet in 1927 (Styria). Retired in 1934.
- 18) Is fond of company and a game of cards.
- 19) Lives in modest circumstances.
- 21) physiological: short, slim, athletic, dark hair and eyes;

F U - 1482

-2-

ROSENWIRTH, Alois  
(continued)

FU-14 x 2.2

intellectual: highly intelligent and fond of study;

emotional: fearless, dependable and faithful;

operational: very sociable, has many friends.

Has a thorough personal knowledge of the officers of the former Austrian army which is now a part of the German Reichswehr. Owing to his information in this respect, he could be of great service.

Report covers time up to 1939.

Interviewer's own information.

Approved For Release 2010/12/01 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000200011-8

FU-1482.2

Approved For Release 2010/12/01 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000200011-8



U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1483

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1) AUST, Hermann<br>Address available in the<br>office of the Mayor in<br>Knittelfeld, Styria | 2) Former Mayor of Knittelfeld in<br>Styria. Former member of the Diet<br>of Styria. |
| 3) Born about 1888  | 4) Somewhere in Styria   |
| 5) Austrian   |  |
| 7 and 8) Comes from a lower class family.   |  |
| 9) Married  |  |
| 12) He grew up in Styria.   |  |
| 13) Elementary and commercial school.   |  |

U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1483

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1) AUST, Hermann<br>Address available in the<br>office of the Mayor in<br>Knittelfeld, Styria | 2) Former Mayor of Knittelfeld in<br>Styria. Former member of the Diet<br>of Styria. |
| 3) Born about 1888  | 4) Somewhere in Styria.  |
| 5) Austrian   |  |
| 7 and 8) Comes from a lower class family.   |  |
| 9) Married  |  |
| 12) He grew up in Styria.   |  |
| 13) Elementary and commercial school.   |  |

- 12) He grew up in Styria.
- 13) Elementary and commercial school.
- 14) Traveled in Yugoslavia and Italy.
- 15) First, a commercial employee; later was employed in the 'Workers' Consumers Cooperative,; later became director of same and Mayor of Knittelfeld, Styria.
- 16) As an employee of the Consumers Cooperative he became a member of the Social Democratic Party. About 1925 he was elected member of the Styrian Diet and Mayor of Knittelfeld; retired in 1934.
- 17) Decorated several times in World War I.
- 19) Lives in good financial circumstances.
- 21) physiological: tall, very corpulent, dark hair and eyes;  
intellectual: very intelligent, a good administrator and a clever businessman;

FV-1483

-2-

AUST, Hermann  
(continued)

FV-1483.2

emotional: gay and optimistic;

operational: very sociable and fond of company.

Large railroad repair plants of the Suedbahn as well as large enamel factories and extensive war plants are located in Knittelfeld. The ~~ex-Mayor~~ of Knittelfeld is very well known in this district and still has great influence on the population. He, therefore, would be of great service.

Report covers time up to 1940.

Interviewer's own information.

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FU - 1483.2

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
810 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1484

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- 1) GASTGER, Hans  
Gardencity "Hermeswiese"  
Vienna XIII, Lainz. Exact  
address in Viennese directory  
"Lehmann"
- 2) Former secretary of the Workers  
Association for Sports and Culture  
(Arbeiter-Sport und Kulturverband von  
Oesterreich "ASKOE") Now a typesetter  
in the "Neues Wiener Tagblatt".
- 3) Born about 1898
- 4) In Vienna
- 5) Austrian
- 7 and 8) Workers family
- 9) Married
- 10) c) One son, now about sixteen.
- 12) He grew up in Vienna.

- 10) c) One son, now about sixteen.
- 12) He grew up in Vienna.
- 13) Attended elementary school and printers school.
- 14) As secretary of "ASKOE" he attended all congresses in Germany, France, Belgium, Sweden, Finland, and Czechoslovakia.
- 15) First a typesetter, later became leader of a municipal sport stadium in Liesing near Vienna; Later was secretary of "AKOE" until 1934. At present holds a job as typesetter in the "Neues Wiener Tagblatt".
- 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and the Union and also the Workers Athletic Club.
- 19) Lives in modest financial circumstances.
- 21) physiological: short, athletic, slim, blonde, blue eyes;  
intellectual: highly intelligent, very energetic with ability for organizing;  
emotional: a little reserved, has definite likes and dislikes;

FV-1484

-2-

C. STGEB, Hans  
(continued)

F U - 148 .

operational: not very sociable.

Hans Gantgeb was the organizer of the great Workers Olympiade in Vienna in 1931. He knows all athletics and is very well-known in sports circles. This fact as well as his ability for organizing could make his services very valuable.

Report covers time up to 1940.

Interviewer's own information.



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FU-148+

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1497

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- 1) PRECHTL, Leopold  
Gloggnitz in Lower Austria,  
Jungberg 81
- 2) Former engine driver.
- 3) Born about 1877
- 4) In Lower Austria
- 5) Austrian
- 7 and 8) Comes from a workers family.
- 9) Married
- 10) a) Has three daughters. One is living in New York. (Katharina  
Ivanyi, 105 West 77th St., New York. Tel. - TRAFALGAR 4-0235.)
- 12) He spent his childhood in Lower Austria.

Ivanyi, 103 West 77th St., New York. Tel. - TRafalgar 4-0235.)

- 12) He spent his childhood in Lower Austria.
- 13) Attended elementary school. Became a railroadman and later engine driver.
- 14) Traveled in Yugoslavia and Italy.
- 15) Was employed with the Austrian railroad companies.
- 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and for forty years of the Railroadmen's Union. Member of the "Republican Schutzbund."
- 19) Lives in comfortable financial circumstances.
- 21) physiological: medium height, stout, gray hair;  
Intellectual: very intelligent;  
operational: very sociable, likes company and is very so alar.

He has great influence with the employees of the Sudbahn Railroad and would therefore be of great service.

Report covers time up to 1943.

Interviewer's own information.

FU-1497

U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1498

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

10,007

1) HARAZIM, Franz  
Vienna VII, 5 Zollergasse 5

2) Former secretary of the Workers  
Health Insurance in Vienna.  
Dismissed in 1934 and received a  
small job in the accounting department  
where he probably still is.

3) Born about 1899

4) Probably in Vienna

5) Austrian

7 and 8) Comes from an employees family.

9) Married

10) c) Two sons, 17 and 14 years old.

12) Spent his childhood in Vienna.

- 10) c) Two sons, 17 and 14 years old.
- 12) Spent his childhood in Vienna.
- 13) Attended elementary and high school, probably commercial school.
- 15) First an employee and later secretary of the Workers Health Insurance Company.
- 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and Trade Union.
- 19) Lives in modest financial circumstances.
- 21) physiological: medium height, stout, dark blonde, wears glasses;  
intellectual: highly intelligent;  
emotional: upright and dependable, optimistic and fearless;  
operational: very sociable, loves society, prefers company of physicians.

He was the closest collaborator of Beppo Kroupa q.v. and has the same thorough knowledge concerning the political tendencies of the personnel and physicians in the Viennese hospitals and would therefore

FV - 14-78

-2-

HARAZIM, Franz

FD-1418.2 (continued)

be of great service for post-war collaboration.

Report covers time up to 1940.

Source: 10,007

Memory: Excellent

Judgment: Excellent

Objectivity: Excellent

Approved For Release 2010/12/01 : CIA-RDP82-00038R001000200011-8

FV-14-18.2

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1499

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

10,007

- 1) KROUPA, Bepo  
Address available in the  
Workers Health Insurance, I.  
Wipplinger Strasse, Vienna
- 2) Former executive secretary of the  
Workers Health Insurance Company
- 3) Born about 1888
- 4) Probably in Vienna
- 5) Austrian
- 7) His father was employed in the Workers Health Insurance, Vienna 6  
Koenigseggasse. He was one of the founders of the Workers Health  
Insurance Company.
- 9) Married



Insurance Company.

- 9) Married
- 10) c) Several children
- 12) Grew up in Vienna
- 13) Attended elementary and high school.
- 15) First an employee of the Workers' Health Insurance Company; later executive secretary.
- 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and the Trade Union.
- 21) physiological: tall, slim, brown-gray hair, thin face, wears glasses;  
intellectual: very intelligent and dependable;  
emotional: severe person, superior attitude;  
operational: very sociable.

He is an expert concerning all matters connected with the Health Insurance and has an extensive personal knowledge of physicians, nurses, and personnel of the Viennese hospitals and their political

F U - 1444

-2-

KROUPA, Beppo  
(continued)

FV-1494.2

tendencies. This information would make his services extremely  
helpful and very important.

Report covers time up to 1940.

Source 10,007

Memory: Excellent

Judgment: Excellent

Objectivity: Excellent

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FU - 1494.2

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1500

Austria

November 12, 1943

X

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1) JENSCHIK, Anton<br>Address of his office "Reiseburo<br>Vindobona, " Vienna 1. Reichsplatzstrasse<br>13 | 2) Former member of the City<br>Council of Vienna. Owner of<br>a traveling agency "Vindobona".<br>Address: 1) |
| 3) Born about 1887  | 4) In Vienna  |
| 5) Austrian   |   |
| 7 and 8) Comes from a workers family  |   |
| 9) Married  |   |
| 10) c) Two children   |   |
| 12) Grew up in Vienna.  |   |

- 10) c) Two children
- 12) Grew up in Vienna.
- 13) Attended elementary school and printers school.
- 14) Traveled extensively in Europe, Asia Minor, North Africa and United States.
- 15) First a printer; later became employed in the workers' paper "Vorwärts" where he worked until 1934. He then owned the traveling agency "Vindobona".
- 16) Member of the Union, the Social Democratic Party Youth Association and later of the Social Democratic Party. Leader of the Center for Culture of the Social Democratic Party. 1919, elected member of the City Council of Vienna. Retired in 1934.
- 18) His hobbies are traveling.
- 19) In good financial circumstances.

FV-1500

-2-

JENSCHIK, Anton

FV-15002 (continued)

- 21) physiological: medium height, blonde, blue eyes;  
intellectual: intelligent and very dynamic;  
emotional: very broad-minded, likes to talk, very reliable, honest  
and fearless;  
operational: very sociable and has many friends.
- 24) Probably speaks French and English.

He is very widely known among the workers of Vienna. Has a strong  
organizing talent, is a good businessman and very resourceful in  
dangerous or difficult situations. His collaboration would be  
very useful.

Report covers time up to 1942.

Interviewer's own information.

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Interviewer's own information.

FU-1500.2

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
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NEW YORK, N. Y.

(2)

# 1500.3

(condensed in full)  
C.S.C.

X

November 10, 1943

Additional Report

Mr. Anton Jenschik, former member of the City Council, 17th District and Mr. Anton Haidl, <sup>q.v.</sup> former chief of the District Council, 17th District in Vienna will be in a position to give information if the persons listed below will be willing and ready to assist in social and political work:

Former members of the District Council:

Renner, Karl, Metal worker  
Schlicker, Anna, Housewife

Former members of the City Council:



Schlicker, Anna, Housewife

Former members of the City Council:

Alram, Karl, Employee of the post office  
Bednar, Edmund, Metal molder  
Bistoletti, Hermine, Housewife  
Etlinger, Franz, Employee of the railroad  
Hersfeld, Josef, Employee of a bank  
Kuderna, Franz, Employee  
Lambor, Karl, Locksmith  
Leinmueller, Franz, Employee of commerce  
Poppovic, Johann, Photographer  
Prokschel, Adalbert, Employee of a telephone department of the government  
Samek, Franz, Metal worker  
Schallauer, Anna, Housewife  
Schlesinger, Adolf, State concession for selling tobacco  
Spilhaczek, Johann, Plumber  
Stary, Jakob, Mason  
Steiner, Heinrich, Printer  
Veitl, Franz, Director of a high school

FU - 1500.3

-3-

Additional Report  
(continued)

( 4 )

Former head of the Public Relief Agency  
Haynle, Josef, Printing house official

Addresses are available in the office of the District Council  
17, Elterleinplatz 14.

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F U - 1500.4

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

# 1501

Austria

November 11, 1943

X

- 1) Haidl, Anton
- 2) Former Chief of the District Council  
Address available in the office of the District Council of the 17th District of Vienna, 17. Elterleinplatz 14. of the 17th District of Vienna.
- 3) Born about 1880
- 4) In Vienna
- 5) Austrian
- 7 and 8) Comes from a workers family.
- 9) Married.
- 11) One sister, Marie Haidl, q.v.
- 12) He spent his childhood in Vienna.

- 11) One sister, Marie Haidl, q.v.
  - 12) He spent his childhood in Vienna.
  - 13) Attended elementary school; became a metal worker.
  - 15) First a metal worker; later became secretary of the Metal Workers Trade Union.
  - 16) Member of the Social Democratic Party and the Union. 1919, elected head of the XVII District in Vienna; retired in 1934.
  - 19) Lives in modest circumstances.
  - 21) physiological: medium height, stout, white hair;  
intellectual: highly intelligent and great organizing ability;  
emotional: very kind-hearted, calm and conscientious, an upright personality;  
operational: very sociable, many friends.
- 10 1501

FD-1501.2

-2-

HAIDL, Anton  
(continued)

Very respected among the workers of the XVII District. He could  
be of great service.

Report covers time up to 1940.

Interviewer's own information.

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, (20) N. Y.

AUSTRIA

November 15, 1945

III

#1505

5000

- 1) DOBRETSBERGER, Josef
- 2) Former Minister for Social Welfare in Austria, present whereabouts unknown, supposed to be in London.
- 3) February 28, 1903
- 4) In Vorarlberg
- 5) Austrian
- 6) Practicing Catholic
- 9) married
- 10) Mrs. Dobretsberger is of Yugoslavian origin, she is wealthy and was during the time her husband was minister of one of the leading socialites of Vienna.
- 13) Attended Gymnasium in Feldkirch (Vorarlberg), graduated, studied economy and

- the time her husband was minister of one of the leading socialites of Vienna.
- 15) Attended Gymnasium in Feldkirch (Vorarlberg), graduated, studied economy and politics at the University of Vienna, was a member of a Catholic students association (Cartellverband) Dr. rer.pol. Adopted the university career.
- 16) a: 1929 Lecturer at the University of Vienna, 1934 Professor at the University of Graz. Minister for Social Welfare in the second Schuschnigg-Cabinet (1935-1938), again Professor at the University of Graz. Emigrated in 1938, after the occupation of Austria by the Nazis, and became professor at the University of Ankara (Turkey), left Turkey during the war in order to serve the cause of the United Nations.
- b: Wrote several books about economic questions, for instance: "Konkurrenz und Monopol in der gegenwaertigen Wirtschaft" (Competition and Monopoly in the Present Economy), 1929; "Freie oder gebundene Wirtschaft" (Free and or planned economy), 1932.
- 16) Member of the Austrian Christian Socialist Party, the Catholic party in
- 100 100



- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

TU-1505.2  
DOBRETSBERGER, Josef

(continued)

Austria. In his young years already one of the leading men of the party, belonging to its left wing which was strongly democratic minded, had close contact with the Christian Trade Unions. When he became Minister of Social Welfare he tried to overcome the fascist and semi-fascist tendencies in Austria and became in the government the counter-part of Prince Starhemberg, leader of the Heimwehr and representative of the Italian Fascist influence in Austria. In opposing Starhemberg and the Austrian industrialist and owner of Munition plants, Mandl, Dobretsberger advocated a policy of reconciliation with the Austrian Social-democrats and a foreign policy based on the friendship of the Western democracies. Although he is personally for an economy based on free enterprise, Dobretsberger also advocated social reforms and close collaboration between Labor and Management. Together

an economy based on free enterprise, Dobretsberger also advocated social reforms and close collaboration between Labor and Management. Together with his friend, Ludwig Strobl, who was Minister of Agriculture in the same government, Dobretsberger tried also to influence the Austrians in arousing the old democratic traditions in the Austrian peasantry. When Schuschnigg reformed his cabinet after the Austrian-German pact of non-aggression in July 1938, he eliminated in the same time Starhemberg, and Dobretsberger from the government. In his retirement Dobretsberger became a symbol of the forces in Austria seeking the way back to democracy. After the occupation of Austria, he was obliged to emigrate to Turkey.

21) Physiological: a man of average height, blond, handsome, very careful as far as clothing is concerned;

Intellectual: intelligent, quick reactions, impulsive, broad educational background;

FU 1503.2

- 3 -

FV-1505.3

DOBRETSBERGER, Josef

(continued)

Emotional: open hearted, benevolent, likes easy life, cares for social positions, devoted to his wife who is very ambitious and helps her husband by establishing contacts with other people, likes wine, smokes cigarettes

Operational: a fighter but not a martyr type, becomes easily impatient and is not ready to carry on when he encounters very strong obstacles, social mixer, likes to be in the foreground, talkative, typical Austrian in his habits, spends long hours in a cafeteria in discussion with his friends, knows many people.

Dobretsberger is a Catholic Austrian politician much acceptable to the Social-democrats for a future democratic collaboration between the two great parties.

democrats for a future democratic collaboration between the two great parties.

Source: 3000

Interviewers own information, report covers time up to 1941.

FL 1505.3

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U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

**#1606**

Austria

November 19, 1943

X

- 1) von SEIFERT, Rudolf  
Address Vienna IV,  
Prinz Eugen Strasse  
(Viennese telephone book)
- 2) One of the presiding judges\* of the  
Supreme Court\* ("Senatspräsident")  
of a court similar to the Court of  
Claims ("Oberstes Verwaltungsgericht")
- 3) Born about 1882
- 4) Probably in Gross Niemschitz in  
Southern Moravia
- 5) Austrian
- 7) Father: a cavalry officer in  
the Austro-Hungarian Army.  
Dead many years.
- 8) Mother: daughter of a wealthy mill  
owner in Gross Niemschitz, Southern  
Moravia. Dead.
- 9) Married
- 10) a) His wife, Frederike, nee Hoffmann, from Salzburg Stadt.

Dead many years.

Moravia. Dead.

- 9) Married
- 10) a) His wife, Frederike, nee Hoffmann, from Salzburg Stadt.  
c) Two children: daughter, Dora, about thirty-two, formerly an actress in Vienna, married to a German iron industrialist. Now lives in Mexico City. Son, Wolfgang, about thirty, was in Holland many years. Present whereabouts unknown.  
d) Austrian  
e) Comes from a wealthy middle class family.
- 11) Sister, Margarete Kitzler, married to a former colonel of the Austro-Hungarian Army, lives on her estate (formerly her parents') in Gross Niemtschitz near Selowitz in Southern Moravia. She always held pro-Nazi sympathies and is very opportunistic in her political attitude.
- 12) Spent his childhood partly in Gross Niemtschitz and partly in Vienna.

FC - 1606

F U - 16062

-2-

von SEIFERT, Rudolf  
(continued)

- 13) Attended Gymnasium and studied law at the Viennese University.
- 14) Traveled in Czechoslovakia, Italy, Yugoslavia, Germany and many other European countries.
- 15) Entered civil service as a jurist. In 1921 and the following years he was administrative chief of a district ("Bezirkshauptmann") in Eisenstadt in Burgenland. Later he went to Vienna where he was a permanent head of a ministerial division at the court of claims. In 1934 he was forced to retire. In 1938 after the Hitler occupation of Austria he was recalled into service and promoted as one of the presiding judges <sup>\*</sup> of the Supreme Court <sup>\*</sup> ("Senatspräsident") of a court similar to the Court of Claims ("Oberstes Verwaltungsgericht")  
[PAN]
- 16) He was an ~~Ari~~-German and later became a Nazi.
- 19) Lives in comfortable financial circumstances.

- 16) He was an "All-German" and later became a Nazi.
- 19) Lives in comfortable financial circumstances.
- 21) physiological: medium height, slim, gray hair, good profile, very elegant;
- intellectual: very intelligent, a good musician, plays violin and piano;
- emotional: very conceited, haughty, not a humanitarian;
- operational: sociable, likes company in his own sphere.
- 24) Speaks French and English, perhaps Czech.

It is quite possible that this man, who never was a Democrat, but always strongly pro-Nazi, may offer his services to the Allies when Hitler's power is declining. A man of his past must be considered not only as being untrustworthy but also dangerous.

Report covers time up to 1939.

Interviewer's own information.

\* omit "of the Supreme Court".

OSS R&A CDB, Washington, 8 February 1944



U. S. GOVERNMENT  
BIOGRAPHICAL RECORDS  
610 FIFTH AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N. Y.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

**# 1607**

Austria

November 19, 1943

X

1031

- |   |             |
|---|-------------|
| 1) MARENZI, Luis, Count<br>Address Vienna XIX<br>Salmandorfer Strasse<br>(Viennese Directory) | 2) Attorney |
| 3) Born about 1897  | 5) Austrian |
| 6) Catholic   |             |
| 7 and 8) Nobility   |             |
| 9) Married  |             |
| 10) Ernestine, nee Princess Schoenburg  |             |
| c) Four sons  |             |

- 10) Ernestine, nee Princess Schoenburg  
c) Four sons
- 13) Educated by Jesuite Padres; studied law at Vienna University.
- 16) He was a Conservative and later in favor of the pro-Fascist Austria under the influence of Mussolini; never pro-Democratic.
- 19) Very well-to-do.
- 21) physiological: medium height, slim, long oval face, dark hair and eyes, olive complexion, Italian type, poor health;  
intellectual: very intellectual, ambitious, a real armchair politician, strives for political power, a busybody.  
He may easily offer his services to the Allies but should be treated with the utmost caution.  
Report covers time up to 1938.  
Source 1031      Memory:    Good    Judgment:    Fair    Objectivity:    Fair

FU-100